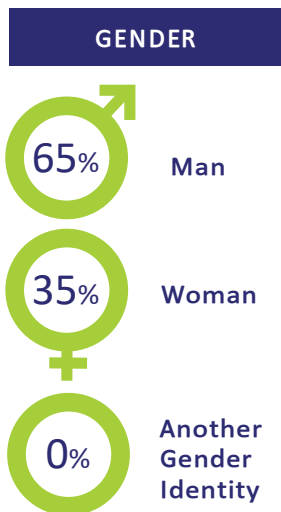
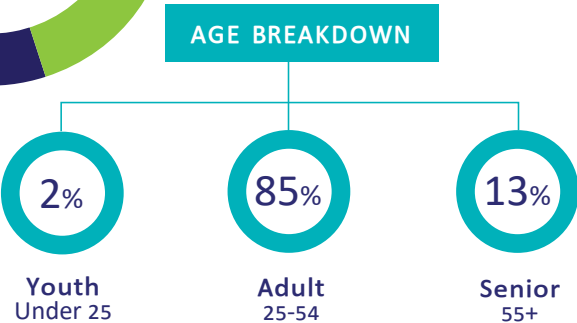
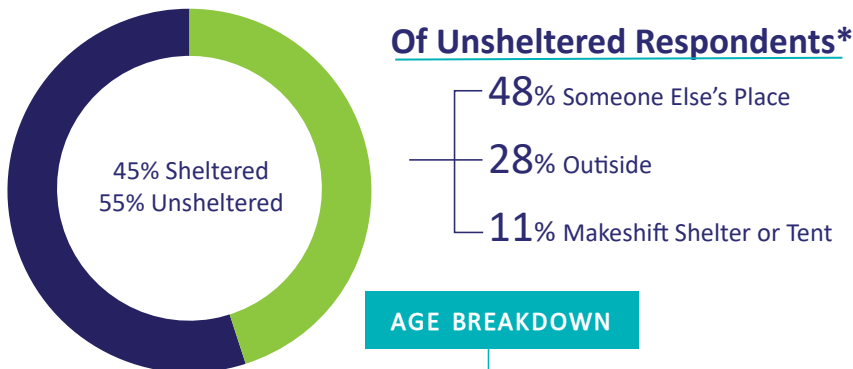


# Fort St. John - 2023 Homeless Count

Point-in-Time (PiT) homeless counts provide a snapshot of people who are experiencing homelessness in a 24-hour period, their demographic characteristics, service use and other information.

**102** People were identified as experiencing homelessness compared to 76 in 2020.

Where did individuals stay the night of the count?



65% Experienced homelessness for the first time as a youth

9% of respondents identified as 2SLGBTQIA+

**SEXUAL ORIENTATION**

2% of respondents identified as having trans experience

**TRANS EXPERIENCE**

65% of respondents identified as Indigenous

**INDIGENOUS IDENTITY**

Compared with 13% of the Census population

**RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL**

65% of Indigenous-identifying respondents reported having lived or generational experience with residential school

**RACIAL IDENTITY**



\* Top responses highlighted

For the purpose of this count, an individual **was defined as experiencing homelessness if they did not have a place of their own where they paid rent and could expect to stay for at least 30 days.** This included people who:

- Stayed overnight on the night of the count in homeless shelters, including transition houses for women fleeing violence and youth safe houses, people with no fixed address (NFA) staying temporarily in hospitals, jails or detox facilities (defined as “sheltered”); and,
- Stayed outside in alleys, doorways, parkades, parks and vehicles or were staying temporarily at someone else’s place (couch surfing) and/or using homelessness services (defined as “unsheltered”).

The 2023 PiT Count took place in Fort St. John on the evening of March 15 and the daytime of March 16.

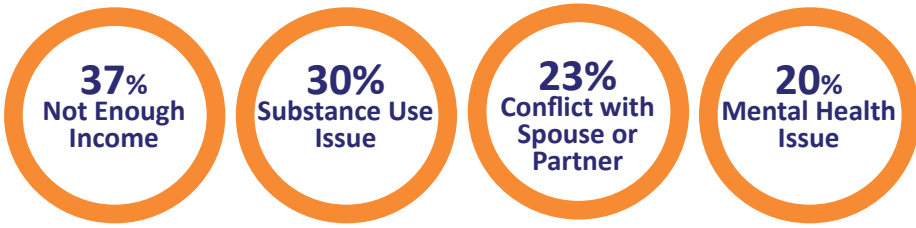
In the 2020 PiT Count, 53% of respondents reported experiencing homelessness for the first time as a youth, and 10% of respondents were youth at the time of the survey. It is important to consider that youth are one of several population groups often underreported in this methodology.

In the 2020 PiT Count, 57% of respondents identified as Indigenous.

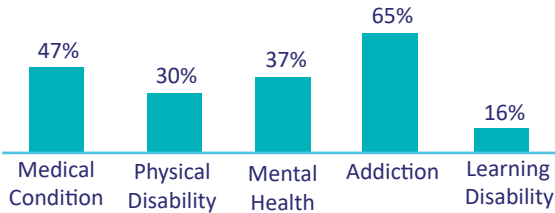
This year, the PiT Survey asked respondents if they, a parent, or grandparent attended residential school. The Indigenous Homelessness Steering Committee and the Indian Residential School Survivors Society were instrumental in helping create this question and provide resources for respondents and interviewers to stay safe.



**REASONS FOR HOUSING LOSS\***



**HEALTH CONCERNS**

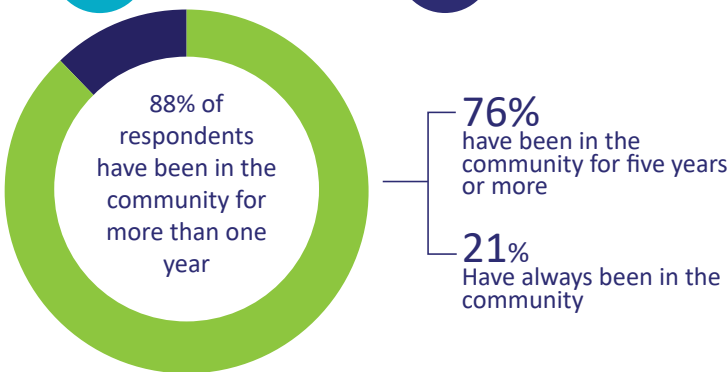


**30%** Reported an acquired brain injury

**56%** Reported two or more health concerns

**LENGTH OF TIME EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS**

**35%** Under six months      **56%** One year or more



**SERVICES ACCESSED\***



**OVERNIGHT LOCATIONS IN LAST YEAR\***



\* Top responses highlighted

**PiIT counts are an undercount and represent only those individuals identified during a 24-hour period.**

- While PiIT Counts are an accepted methodological tool, the numbers are understood to be the minimum number of people who are experiencing homelessness on a given day in that community.
- Percentages are based on the number of respondents to each question, not the total population experiencing homelessness.

The number of respondents indicating they are living with an acquired brain injury decreased from 41% in 2021.

The number of respondents identifying as having health problems fell for all categories other than addictions. It is important to note that this survey relies on self-reporting, not diagnosis of health problems.

In 2020, 45% of respondents had experienced homelessness for under six months.

Compared to 2020, fewer respondents have been in the community for less than six months, suggesting many people experiencing homelessness in the community were in the community the last time they were housed.

92% of respondents reported having an income source. The most common income sources were income assistance and disability benefit. Around 20% reported a full or part-time job.

New for the 2023 PiIT Count, the survey asked respondents to check all the locations they had stayed in the past year from a list, rather than only asking if they had stayed in a shelter.